BCF Planning Template 2023-25

1. Guidance

Overview

Note on entering information into this template

Throughout the template, cells which are open for input have a yellow background and those that are pre-populated have a blue background, as below: Data needs inputting in the cell

Pre-populated cells

2. Cover

1. The cover sheet provides essential information on the area for which the template is being completed, contacts and sign off.

2. Question completion tracks the number of questions that have been completed; when all the questions in each section of the template have been completed the cell will turn green. Only when all cells are green should the template be sent to the Better Care Fund Team: england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net (please also copy in your Better Care Manager).

3. The checklist helps identify the sheets that have not been completed. All fields that appear highlighted in red with the word 'no', should be completed before sending to the Better Care Fund Team.

4. The checker column, which can be found on each individual sheet, updates automatically as questions are completed. It will appear 'Red' and contain the word 'No' if the information has not been completed. Once completed the checker column will change to 'Green' and contain the word 'Yes'.

5. The 'sheet completed' cell will update when all 'checker' values for the sheet are green containing the word 'Yes'.

6. Once the checker column contains all cells marked 'Yes' the 'Incomplete Template' cell (below the title) will change to 'Template Complete'.
7. Please ensure that all boxes on the checklist are green before submission.

8. Sign off - HWB sign off will be subject to your own governance arrangements which may include delegated authority.

4. Capacity and Demand

Please see the guidance on the Capacity&Demand tab for further information on how to complete this section.

5. Income

1. This sheet should be used to specify all funding contributions to the Health and Wellbeing Board's (HWB) Better Care Fund (BCF) plan and pooled budget for 2023-25. It will be pre-populated with the minimum NHS contributions to the BCF, iBCF grant allocations and allocations of ASC Discharge Fund grant to local authorities for 2023-24. The iBCF grant in 2024-25 is expected to remain at the same value nationally as in 2023-24, but local allocations are not published. You should enter the 2023-24 value into the income field for the iBCF in 2024-25 and agree provisional plans for its use as part of your BCF plan

2. The grant determination for the Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) for 2023-24 will be issued in May. Allocations have not been published so are not pre populated in the template. You will need to manually enter these allocations. Further advice will be provided by the BCF Team.

3. Areas will need to input the amount of ASC Discharge Fund paid to ICBs that will be allocated to the HWB's BCF pool. These will be checked against a separate ICB return to ensure they reconcile. Allocations of the ASC discharge funding grant to local authority will need to be inputted manually for Year 2 as allocations at local level are not confirmed. Areas should input an expected allocation based on the published national allocation (£500m in 2024-25, increased from £300m in 2023-24) and agree provisional plans for 2024-25 based on this.

4. Please select whether any additional contributions to the BCF pool are being made from local authorities or ICBs and enter the amounts in the fields highlighted in 'yellow'. These will appear as funding sources in sheet 5a when you planning expenditure.

5. Please use the comment boxes alongside to add any specific detail around this additional contribution.

6. If you are pooling any funding carried over from 2022-23 (i.e. underspends from BCF mandatory contributions) you should show these as additional contributions, but on a separate line to any other additional contributions. Use the comments field to identify that these are underspends that have been rolled forward. All allocations are rounded to the nearest pound.

7. Allocations of the NHS minimum contribution are shown as allocations from each ICB to the HWB area in question. Where more than one ICB contributes to the area's BCF plan, the minimum contribution from each ICB to the local BCF plan will be displayed.

8. For any questions regarding the BCF funding allocations, please contact england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net (please also copy in your Better Care Manager).

6. Expenditure This sheet should be used to set out the detail of schemes that are funded via the BCF plan for the HWB. including amounts, units, type of activity and funding source. This information is then aggregated and used to analyse the BCE plans nationally and sets the basis for future reporting. The information in the sheet is also used to calculate total contributions under National Condition 4 and is used by assurers to ensure that these are met. The table is set out to capture a range of information about how schemes are being funded and the types of services they are providing. There may be scenarios when several lines need to be completed in order to fully describe a single scheme or where a scheme is funded by multiple funding streams (eg: iBCF and NHS minimum). In this case please use a consistent scheme ID for each line to ensure integrity of aggregating and analysing schemes. On this sheet please enter the following information: 1. Scheme ID: This field only permits numbers. Please enter a number to represent the Scheme ID for the scheme being entered. Please enter the same Scheme ID in this column for any schemes that are described across multiple rows. 2. Scheme Name: This is a free text field to aid identification during the planning process. Please use the scheme name consistently if the scheme is described across multiple lines in line with the scheme ID described above. Brief Description of Scheme This is a free text field to include a brief headline description of the scheme being planned. The information in this field assists assurers in understanding how funding in the local BCF plan is supporting the objectives of the fund nationally and aims in your local plan. Scheme Type and Sub Type: - Please select the Scheme Type from the drop-down list that best represents the type of scheme being planned. A description of each scheme is available in tab 6b. Where the Scheme Types has further options to choose from, the Sub Type column alongside will be editable and turn "yellow". Please select the Sub Type from the drop down list that best describes the scheme being planned. Please note that the drop down list has a scroll bar to scroll through the list and all the options may not appear in one view. If the scheme is not adequately described by the available options, please choose 'Other' and add a free field description for the scheme type in the column alongside. Please try to use pre-populated scheme types and sub types where possible, as this data is important in assurance and to our understanding of how BCF funding is being used nationally. The template includes a field that will inform you when more than 5% of mandatory spend is classed as other. 5. Expected outputs You will need to set out the expected number of outputs you expect to be delivered in 2023-24 and 2024-25 for some scheme types. If you select a relevant scheme type, the 'expected outputs' column will unlock and the unit column will pre populate with the unit for that scheme type. You will not be able to change the unit and should use an estimate where necessary. The outputs field will only accept numeric characters. A table showing the scheme types that require an estimate of outputs and the units that will prepopulate can be found in tab 6b. Expenditure Guidance. You do not need to fill out these columns for certain scheme types. Where this is the case, the cells will turn blue and the column will remain empty. 6. Area of Spend: Please select the area of spend from the drop-down list by considering the area of the health and social care system which is most supported by investing in the scheme. Please note that where 'Social Care' is selected and the source of funding is "NHS minimum" then the planned spend would count towards eligible expenditure on social care under National Condition 4. If the scheme is not adequately described by the available options, please choose 'Other' and add a free field description for the scheme type in the column alongside. We encourage areas to try to use the standard scheme types where possible. 7. Commissioner: Identify the commissioning body for the scheme based on who is responsible for commissioning the scheme from the provider. Please note this field is utilised in the calculations for meeting National Condition 3. Any spend that is from the funding source 'NHS minimum contribution', is commissioned by the ICB, and where the spend area is not 'acute care', will contribute to the total spend on NHS commissioned out of hospital services under National Condition 4. This will include expenditure that is ICB commissioned and classed as 'social care'. If the scheme is commissioned jointly, please select 'Joint'. Please estimate the proportion of the scheme being commissioned by the local authority and NHS and enter the respective percentages on the two columns. 8. Provider: Please select the type of provider commissioned to provide the scheme from the drop-down list. If the scheme is being provided by multiple providers, please split the scheme across multiple lines. 9. Source of Funding: Based on the funding sources for the BCF pool for the HWB, please select the source of funding for the scheme from the drop down list. This includes additional, voluntarily pooled contributions from either the ICB or Local authority If a scheme is funded from multiple sources of funding, please split the scheme across multiple lines, reflecting the financial contribution from each. 10. Expenditure (£) 2023-24 & 2024-25: Please enter the planned spend for the scheme (or the scheme line, if the scheme is expressed across multiple lines) 11. New/Existing Scheme Please indicate whether the planned scheme is a new scheme for this year or an existing scheme being carried forward. 12. Percentage of overall spend. This new requirement asks for the percentage of overall spend in the HWB on that scheme type. This is a new collection for 2023-25. This information will help better identify and articulate the contribution of BCF funding to delivering capacity. You should estimate the overall spend on the activity type in question across the system (both local authority and ICB commissioned where both organisations commission this type of service). Where the total spend in the system is not clear, you should include an estimate. The figure will not be subject to assurance. This estimate should be based on expected spend in that category in the BCF over both years of the programme divided by both years total spend in that same

7. Metrics

category in the system.

This sheet should be used to set out the HWB's ambitions (i.e. numerical trajectories) and performance plans for each of the BCF metrics in 2023-25. The BCF policy requires trajectories and plans agreed for the fund's metrics. Systems should review current performance and set realistic, but stretching ambitions for 2023-24.

A data pack showing more up to date breakdowns of data for the discharge to usual place of residence and unplanned admissions for ambulatory care sensitive conditions is available on the Better Care Exchange.

For each metric, areas should include narratives that describe:

- a rationale for the ambition set, based on current and recent data, planned activity and expected demand

- the local plan for improving performance on this metric and meeting the ambitions through the year. This should include changes to commissioned services, joint working and how BCF funded services will support this.

1. Unplanned admissions for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions:

- This section requires the area to input indirectly standardised rate (ISR) of admissions per 100,000 population by quarter in 2023-24. This will be based on NHS Outcomes Framework indicator 2.3i but using latest available population data.

- The indicator value is calculated using the indirectly standardised rate of admission per 100,000, standardised by age and gender to the national figures in reference year 2011. This is calculated by working out the SAR (observed admission/expected admissions*100) and multiplying by the crude rate for the reference year. The expected value is the observed rate during the reference year multiplied by the population of the breakdown of the year in question.
- The population data used is the latest available at the time of writing (2021)

- Actual performance for each quarter of 2022-23 are pre-populated in the template and will display once the local authority has been selected in the drop down box on the Cover sheet.

- Please use the ISR Tool published on the BCX where you can input your assumptions and simply copy the output ISR: https://future.nhs.uk/bettercareexchange/view?objectId=143133861

- Technical definitions for the guidance can be found here:

https://digital.nhs.uk/data-and-information/publications/statistical/nhs-outcomes-framework/march-2022/domain-2---enhancing-quality-of-life-for-peoplewith-long-term-conditions-nof/2.3.i-unplanned-hospitalisation-for-chronic-ambulatory-care-sensitive-conditions

2. Falls

- This is a new metric for the BCF and areas should agree ambitions for reducing the rate of emergency admissions to hospital for people aged 65 or over following a fall.

- This is a measure in the Public Health Outcome Framework.

- This requires input for an Indicator value which is directly age standardised rate per 100,000. Emergency hospital admissions due to falls in people aged 65 and over.

- Please enter provisional outturns for 2022-23 based on local data for admissions for falls from April 2022-March 2023.

- For 2023-24 input planned levels of emergency admissions

- In both cases this should consist of:

- emergency admissions due to falls for the year for people aged 65 and over (count)

- estimated local population (people aged 65 and over)

- rate per 100,000 (indicator value) (Count/population x 100,000)

- The latest available data is for 2021-22 which will be refreshed around Q4.

Further information about this measure and methodolgy used can be found here:

https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/public-health-outcomes-

framework/data#page/6/gid/1000042/pat/6/par/E12000004/ati/102/are/E06000015/iid/22401/age/27/sex/4

3. Discharge to normal place of residence.

- Areas should agree ambitions for the percentage of people who are discharged to their normal place of residence following an inpatient stay. In 2022-23, areas were asked to set a planned percentage of discharge to the person's usual place of residence for the year as a whole. In 2023-24 areas should agree a rate for each guarter.

- The ambition should be set for the health and wellbeing board area. The data for this metric is obtained from the Secondary Uses Service (SUS) database and is collected at hospital trust. A breakdown of data from SUS by local authority of residence has been made available on the Better Care Exchange to assist areas to set ambitions.

- Ambitions should be set as the percentage of all discharges where the destination of discharge is the person's usual place of residence.

- Actual performance for each quarter of 2022-23 are pre-populated in the template and will display once the local authority has been selected in the drop down box on the Cover sheet.

4. Residential Admissions:

- This section requires inputting the expected numerator of the measure only.

- Please enter the planned number of council-supported older people (aged 65 and over) whose long-term support needs will be met by a change of setting to residential and nursing care during the year (excluding transfers between residential and nursing care)

- Column H asks for an estimated actual performance against this metric in 2022-23. Data for this metric is not published until October, but local authorities will collect and submit this data as part of their salt returns in July. You should use this data to populate the estimated data in column H.

- The prepopulated denominator of the measure is the size of the older people population in the area (aged 65 and over) taken from Office for National Statistics (ONS) subnational population projections.

- The annual rate is then calculated and populated based on the entered information.

5. Reablement:

- This section requires inputting the information for the numerator and denominator of the measure.

- Please enter the planned denominator figure, which is the planned number of older people discharged from hospital to their own home for rehabilitation (or from hospital to a residential or nursing care home or extra care housing for rehabilitation, with a clear intention that they will move on/back to their own home).

- Please then enter the planned numerator figure, which is the expected number of older people discharged from hospital to their own home for rehabilitation (from within the denominator) that will still be at home 91 days after discharge.

- Column H asks for an estimated actual performance against this metric in 2022-23. Data for this metric is not published until October, but local authorities will collect and submit this data as part of their salt returns in July. You should use this data to populate the estimated data in column H.

The annual proportion (%) Reablement measure will then be calculated and populated based on this information.

8. Planning Requirements

This sheet requires the Health and Wellbeing Board to confirm whether the National Conditions and other Planning Requirements detailed in the BCF Policy Framework and the BCF Planning Requirements document are met. Please refer to the BCF Policy Framework and BCF Planning Requirements documents for 2023-2025 for further details.

The sheet also sets out where evidence for each Key Line of Enquiry (KLOE) will be taken from.

The KLOEs underpinning the Planning Requirements are also provided for reference as they will be utilised to assure plans by the regional assurance panel.

 For each Planning Requirement please select 'Yes' or 'No' to confirm whether the requirement is met for the BCF Plan.
 Where the confirmation selected is 'No', please use the comments boxes to include the actions in place towards meeting the requirement and the target timeframes.



Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template

2. Cover

Version 1.1.3

Please Note:

- The BCF planning template is categorised as 'Management Information' and data from them will published in an aggregated form on the NHSE website and gov.uk. This will include any narrative section. Also a reminder that as is usually the case with public body information, all BCF information collected here is subject to Freedom of Information requests.

- At a local level it is for the HWB to decide what information it needs to publish as part of wider local government reporting and transparency requirements. Until BCF information is published, recipients of BCF reporting information (including recipients who access any information placed on the BCE) are prohibited from making this information any public domain or providing this information for the purposes of journalism or research without prior consent from the HWB (where it concerns a single HWB) or the BCF national partners for the agergated information.

All information will be supplied to BCF partners to inform policy development.

This template is password protected to ensure data integrity and accurate aggregation of collected information. A resubmission may be required if this is breached.

Health and Wellbeing Board:	Rotherham		
Completed by:	Karen Smith		
E-mail:	karen-nas.smith@rotherham.gov.uk		
Contact number:	01709 254870		
Has this report been signed off by (or on behalf of) the HWB at the time of			
submission?	No		
If no please indicate when the HWB is expected to sign off the plan:	Wed 28/06/2023	<< Please enter using the format, DD/MM/	

Complete:		
Yes		
Yes		
Yes		

		Professional Title (e.g. Dr,			
	Role:	Cllr, Prof)	First-name:	Surname:	E-mail:
*Area Assurance Contact Details:	Health and Wellbeing Board Chair	Councillor	David	Roche	<u>david.roche@rotherham.go</u> <u>v.uk</u>
	Integrated Care Board Chief Executive or person to whom they have delegated sign-off	Mr	Christopher	Edwards	chris.edwards@nhs.net
	Additional ICB(s) contacts if relevant	Miss	Claire	Smith	claire.smith138@nhs.net
	Local Authority Chief Executive	Mrs	Sharon	Kemp	sharon.kemp@rotherham.g ov.uk
	Local Authority Director of Adult Social Services (or equivalent)	Mr	lan	Spicer	ian.spicer@rotherham.gov. uk
	Better Care Fund Lead Official	Mr	Scott	Matthewman	scott.matthewman@rother ham.gov.uk
	LA Section 151 Officer	Mrs	Judith	Badger	judith.badger@rotherham. gov.uk
Please add further area contacts that you would wish to be included in	SYICB (Rotherham Place) Finance Officer	Mrs	Wendy	Allott	wendy.allott@nhs.net
official correspondence e.g. housing	SYICB (Rotherham Place) Head of Commissioning (Adults - Joint SY	Mrs	Steph	Watt	steph.watt@nhs.net
or trusts that have been part of the process>	Local Authority Head of Finance	Ms	Gioia	Morrison	gioia.morrison@rotherham .gov.uk

Yes
Yes

Question Completion - When all questions have been answered and the validation boxes below have turned green, please send the template to the Better Care Fund Team england.bettercarefundteam@nhs.net saving the file as 'Name HWB' for example 'County Durham HWB'. Please also copy in your Better Care Manager.

Γ	Complete:
2. Cover	Yes
4. Capacity&Demand	Yes
5. Income	Yes
6a. Expenditure	No
7. Metrics	Yes
8. Planning Requirements	Yes

^^ Link back to top

Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template 3. Summary

Rotherham

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Income & Expenditure

Income >>

Funding Sources	Income Yr 1	Income Yr 2	Expenditure Yr 1	Expenditure Yr 2	Difference
DFG	£3,063,735	£3,063,735	£3,063,735	£3,063,735	£0
Minimum NHS Contribution	£24,187,917	£25,556,953	£24,187,917	£25,556,953	£0
iBCF	£14,480,543	£14,480,543	£14,480,543	£14,480,543	£0
Additional LA Contribution	£5,393,038	£4,192,038	£5,393,038	£4,192,038	£0
Additional ICB Contribution	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0
Local Authority Discharge Funding	£2,030,150	£3,383,000	£2,030,150	£3,383,000	£0
ICB Discharge Funding	£1,525,000	£2,473,000	£1,525,000	£2,473,000	£0
Total	£50,680,383	£53,149,269	£50,680,383	£53,149,269	£0

Expenditure >>

NHS Commissioned Out of Hospital spend from the minimum ICB allocation

Yr 1	Yr 2
£6,873,521	£7,262,562
£14,515,917	£15,128,000
3 allocations Yr 1	Yr 2
£8,602,274	£9,089,163
	£6,873,521 £14,515,917 B allocations Yr 1

Metrics >>

Avoidable admissions 2023-24 Q1 2023-24 Q 2023-24 Q3 2023-24 Q4 Unplanned hospitalisation for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions (Rate per 100,000 population) 255.8 255.8 250.9

242.0

Falls

		2022-23 estimated	2023-24 Plan
	Indicator value	1,796.5	1,770.4
Emergency hospital admissions due to falls in people aged 65 and over directly age standardised rate per 100,000.	Count	913	900
	Population	52551	52551

Discharge to normal place of residence

	2023-24 Q1 Plan			
Percentage of people, resident in the HWB, who are discharged from acute hospital to their normal place of residence	93.5%	94.0%	93.5%	94.0%
(SUS data - available on the Better Care Exchange)				

Residential Admissions

		2021-22 Actual	2023-24 Plan
Long-term support needs of older people (age 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population	Annual Rate	618	572

Reablement

2023-24 Pla Proportion of older people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement / rehabilitation services 75.4%

Planning Requirements >>

Theme	Code	Response
	PR1	Yes
NC1: Jointly agreed plan	PR2	Yes
	PR3	Yes
NC2: Social Care Maintenance	PR4	Yes
NC3: NHS commissioned Out of Hospital Services	PR5	Yes
NC4: Implementing the BCF policy objectives	PR6	Yes
Agreed expenditure plan for all elements of the BCF	PR7	Yes
Metrics	PR8	Yes

Better Care Fund 3. Capacity & Demand	2023-24 Capacity & Demand Template	1		
Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:	Rotherham]		
Guidance on completing this sheet is set out below, but should be read in cor	junction with the guidance in the BCF planning requirements			
	y demand for supported discharge by discharge pathway. It area. Multiple Trusts can be selected from the drop down list in column F. You will then be able to ente ates Pathway 1 (discharge home with new or additional support) into separate estimates of reablement, reh			
If there are any trusts taking a small percentage of local residents who are adm The table at the top of the screen will display total expected demand for the ar	nitted to hospital, then please consider aggregating these trusts under a single line using the ' Other' Trust o rea by discharge pathway and by month.	ption.		
Estimated levels of discharge should draw on: - Estimated numbers of discharges by pathway at ICB level from NHS plans fo - Data from the NHSE Discharge Pathways Model.	r 2023-24			
 Management information from discharge hubs and local authority data on re 	equests for care and assessment.			
You should enter the estimated number of discharges requiring each type of so	upport for each month.			
3.2 Demand - Community This section collects expected demand for intermediate care services from con number of people requiring intermediate care or short term care (non-dischar	nmunity sources, such as multi-disciplinary teams, single points of access or 111. The template does not coll ge) each month, split by different type of intermediate care.	ect referrals by source, and you should input an overall estimate each month for the		
Further detail on definitions is provided in Appendix 2 of the Planning Require The units can simply be the number of referrals.	ments.			
3.3 Capacity - Hospital Discharge This section collects expected capacity for services to support people being dis	charged from acute hospital. You should input the expected available capacity to support discharge across t	hese different service types:		
 Social support (including VCS) Reablement at Home 				
 Rehabilitation at home Short term domiciliary care 				
Reablement in a bedded setting Rehabilitation in a bedded setting				
 Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a longer-term 	erm care home placement			
Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typi Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time)	cally this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage)/average duration of service or lengt	h of stay		
Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to p Please consider using median or mode for LOS where there are significant out Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest levels of occupany expre many people, on average, that can be provided with services.		For services in a person's own home then this would need to take into account how		
At the end of each row, you should enter estimates for the percentage of the s 3.4 Capacity - Community	service in question that is commissioned by the local authority, the ICB and jointly.			
This section collects expected capacity for community services. You should inp	ut the expected available capacity across the different service types. ligible referrals from community sources. This should cover all service intermediate care services to support	t recovery, including Urgent Community Response and VCS support. The template is		
Social support (including VCS) Urgent Community Response				
Repair community response Repair at home				
- Other short-term social care				
 Reablement in a bedded setting Rehabilitation in a bedded setting 				
Please consider the below factors in determining the capacity calculation. Typically this will be (Caseload*days in month*max occupancy percentage//average duration of service or length of stay Caseload (No. of people who can be looked after at any given time) Average stay (days) - The average length of time that a service is provided to people, or average length of stay in a bedded facility Please consider using median or mode for LoS where there are significant outliers				
Peak Occupancy (percentage) - What was the highest levels of occupany expressed as a percentage? This will usually apply to residential units, rather than care in a person's own home. For services in a person's own home then this would need to take into account how many people, on average, that can be provided with services.				
At the end of each row, you should enter estimates for the percentage of the service in question that is commissioned by the local authority, the ICB and jointly.				
Virtual wards should not form part of capacity and demand plans because they represent acute, rather than intermediate, care. Where recording a virtual ward as a referral source, pease select the relevant trust from the list. Further guidance on all sections is available in Appendix 2 of the BCF Planning Requirements.				
Any assumptions made.	Demand for 2023/24 is based on the referral rate in 2022/23. Capacity is based on maximum capacity of	Complete: 3.1 Yes		
Please include your considerations and assumptions for Length of Stay and average numbers of hours committed to a homecare package that have been	occupancy rates were achieved in 2022/23, therefore capacity is at a similar rate. Demand for social care	3.2 Yes		
used to derive the number of expected packages.	support (including VCS) is based on the referral rate in 2022/23 and capacity is based on the contracted rate for 2023/24. Demand for other community services is based on the referral rate in 2022/23 and maximum caseload (number of people who can be looked after at any one given time). The data suggests that there is sufficient capacity in Pathways 1-3 to support hospital discharge (demand is 5,258	3.3 Yes 3.4 Yes		
	and canacity is 2 705) but there is loss canacity in Rathways 1 is the community to most domand (total			

Any assumptions made.	Demand for 2023/24 is based on the referral rate in 2022/23. Capacity is based on maximum capacity of	3.1
Please include your considerations and assumptions for Length of Stay and	85% bed occupancy rates (KPI target) and average LoS of 32 days for IC reablement beds. 89% bed	512
average numbers of hours committed to a homecare package that have been	occupancy rates were achieved in 2022/23, therefore capacity is at a similar rate. Demand for social care	3.2
used to derive the number of expected packages.	support (including VCS) is based on the referral rate in 2022/23 and capacity is based on the contracted	3.3
	rate for 2023/24. Demand for other community services is based on the referral rate in 2022/23 and	5.5
	maximum caseload (number of people who can be looked after at any one given time). The data	
	suggests that there is sufficient capacity in Pathways 1-3 to support hospital discharge (demand is 5,258	3.4
	and canacity is 5 795) but there is loss canacity in Pathways 1 in the community to meet domand (total	

!!Click on the filter box below to select Trust first!!	Demand - Hospital Discharge												
Trust Referral Source (Select as many as you													
need)	Pathway	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
THE ROTHERHAM NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	Social support (including VCS) (pathway 0)	557	567	584	554	515	553	539	661	585	672	602	739
THE ROTHERHAM NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	Reablement at home (pathway 1)	42	50	36	50	44	36	43	54	52	55	60	58
THE ROTHERHAM NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	Rehabilitation at home (pathway 1)	72	72	70	72	72	70	72	70	72	71	64	72
THE ROTHERHAM NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	Short term domiciliary care (pathway 1)	234	234	226	234	234	226	226	226	234	234	193	234
THE ROTHERHAM NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	Reablement in a bedded setting (pathway 2)	40	31	39	28	42	37	42	47	24	36	37	30
THE ROTHERHAM NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	Rehabilitation in a bedded setting (pathway 2)	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
THE ROTHERHAM NHS FOUNDATION TRUST	Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a longer-term care home placement	0	1	10	3	3	6	6	2	2	4	3	5

Demand - Intermediate Care												
Service Type	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Social support (including VCS)	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	1	:
Urgent Community Response	514	514	497	514	514	497	514	497	514	514	464	514
Reablement at home	19	22	19	20	14	20	12	17	19	20	40	36
Rehabilitation at home	582	582	564	582	582	564	582	564	582	582	526	582
Reablement in a bedded setting	3	8	4	5	8	11	14	9	4	10	14	1:
Rehabilitation in a bedded setting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Other short-term social care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(

Sep-23

500

Oct-23

500

Nov-23

500

Dec-23

500

Feb-24

500

Mar-24

Jan-24

3.3 Capacity - Hospital Discharge

3.4 Capacity - Community

Service Area Social support (including VCS) Urgent Community Response Reablement at Home Reablement in a bedded setting Rehabilitation in a bedded setting Other check terre ocial case

r short-term social care

3.2 Demand - Community

	Capacity - Hospital Discharge													
Service Area	Metric	Apr-23	May-23	Jun	-23	Jul-23	Aug-23	Sep-23	Oct-23	Nov-23	Dec-23	Jan-24	Feb-24	Mar-24
Social support (including VCS)	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	4	197	497	497	497	497	497	497	497	49	49	7 497	497
Reablement at Home	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.		48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	49	4	9 49	49
Rehabilitation at home	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.		87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	8	8	7 87	87
Short term domiciliary care	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	2	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	25	5 255	255
Reablement in a bedded setting	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.		34	36	40	36	40	36	41	39	36	5 3	7 39	36
Rehabilitation in a bedded setting	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.		24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	1 2	4 24	24
Short-term residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a longer-	Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.		4	4	4	4	4	3						
term care home placement									3	3	4	l .	4 4	4

Comm	Commissioning responsibility (% of each service type commissioned by LA/ICB or jointly									
ICB		LA	Joint							
	100%	0%	0%							
	0%	0%	100%							
	100%	0%	0%							
	0%	100%	0%							
	0%	0%	100%							
	100%	0%	0%							
	100%	0%	0%							

Capacity - Community					
Metric	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	Jul-23	Aug-23
Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	3	3	3	3	
Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	500	500	500	500	500
Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	21	21	21	21	2:
Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	500	500	500	500	50
Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.	3	8	4	5	

Monthly capacity. Number of new clients. Monthly capacity. Number of new clients. Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.

Monthly capacity. Number of new clients.

	responsibility (% of							
commissioned by LA/ICB or jointly ICB LA Joint								
100%	0%	0%						
100%	0%	0%						
0%	0%	100%						
100%	0%	0%						
0%	0%	100%						
100%	0%	0%						
100%	0%	0%						

Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template

Rotherham

4. Income

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Local Authority Contribution		
	Gross Contribution	Gross Contribution
Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG)	Yr 1	Yr 2
Rotherham	£3,063,735	£3,063,735
DFG breakdown for two-tier areas only (where applicable)	I	
Total Minimum LA Contribution (exc iBCF)	£3,063,735	£3,063,735

Local Authority Discharge Funding	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2
Rotherham	£2,030,150	£3,383,000

ICB Discharge Funding	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2
NHS South Yorkshire ICB	£1,525,000	£2,473,000
Total ICB Discharge Fund Contribution	£1,525,000	£2,473,000

		Contribution Yr 2
Rotherham	£14,480,543	£14,480,543
Total iBCF Contribution	£14,480,543	£14,480,543

Are any additional LA Contributions being made in 2023-25? If yes, please detail below

			Comments - Please use this box to clarify any specific uses
Local Authority Additional Contribution	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2	or sources of funding
Rotherham	£1,496,000	£1,500,000	DFG balance b/fwd from 22/23
Rotherham	£2,199,038	£2,222,038	Intermediate Care and Occupational Therapy
Rotherham	£1,698,000	£470,000	ibcf c/fwd 22/23 plus Carers Strategy
Total Additional Local Authority Contribution	£5,393,038	£4,192,038	

Yes

NHS Minimum Contribution	Contribution Yr 1	Contribution Yr 2
NHS South Yorkshire ICB	£24,187,917	£25,556,953
Total NHS Minimum Contribution	£24,187,917	£25,556,953

Are any additional ICB Contributions being made in 2023-25? If yes, please detail below No

 Additional ICB Contribution
 Contribution Yr 1
 Comments - Please use this box clarify any specific uses or
Sources of funding

 Additional ICB Contribution
 Contribution Yr 1
 Contribution Yr 2

 Additional ICB Contribution
 Contribution Yr 1
 Contribution Yr 2

 Additional NHS Contribution
 £24,187,917
 £25,556,953

	2023-24	2024-25
Total BCF Pooled Budget	£50,680,383	£53,149,269

Funding Contributions Comments

Optional for any useful detail e.g. Carry over The carry forward for Disabled Facilities Grant and iBCF funding has been profiled over both 23/24 and 24/25.

See next sheet for Scheme Type (and Sub Type) descriptions

Better Care Fund 2023-		
5. Expenditure	1	-
Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:	Rotherham	
Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:	Rotherham	

<< Link to summary sheet

	2	2023-24			2024-25		
Running Balances	Income	Expenditure	Balance	Income	Expenditure	Balance	
DFG	£3,063,735	£3,063,735	£0	£3,063,735	£3,063,735	£0	1
Minimum NHS Contribution	£24,187,917	£24,187,917	£0	£25,556,953	£25,556,953	£0	1
iBCF	£14,480,543	£14,480,543	£0	£14,480,543	£14,480,543	£0	1
Additional LA Contribution	£5,393,038	£5,393,038	£0	£4,192,038	£4,192,038	£0	1
Additional NHS Contribution	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	£0	1
Local Authority Discharge Funding	£2,030,150	£2,030,150	£0	£3,383,000	£3,383,000	£0	ı
ICB Discharge Funding	£1,525,000	£1,525,000		£2,473,000	£2,473,000	£0	1
Total	£50,680,383	£50,680,383	£0	£53,149,269	£53,149,269	£0	1

Required Spend This is in relation to National Conditions 2 and 3 only. It does NOT make up the total Minimum ICB Contribution (on row 33 above).

		2023-24		2024-25								
	Minimum Required Spend	Planned Spend	Under Spend	Minimum Required Spend	Planned Spend	Under Spend						
NHS Commissioned Out of Hospital spend from the												
minimum ICB allocation	£6,873,521	£14,515,917	£0	£7,262,562	£15,128,000	£0						
Adult Social Care services spend from the minimum												
ICB allocations	£8,602,274	£13,874,000	£0	£9,089,163	£14,869,953	£0						

Checklist

Column co	omplete:													
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y
					·		·							
>> Incom	lete fields on row	number(s):												

60, 61,

									Planned Expendi	iture									
Scheme S D	Scheme Name	Brief Description of Scheme	Scheme Type	Sub Types	Please specify if 'Scheme Type' is 'Other'	Expected outputs 2023-24	Expected outputs 2024-25	Units	Area of Spend	Please specify if 'Area of Spend' is 'other'	Commissioner	% NHS (if Joint Commissioner)	% LA (if Join Commissioner		Source of Funding	New/ Existing Scheme	Expenditure 23/24 (£)		
	Adult Mental Health Liaison	in community supporting	Integrated Care Planning and Navigation	Care navigation and planning					Mental Health		NHS			NHS Mental Health Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£1,464,000	£1,547,000	100%
F	alls Service	supporting	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Early Discharge Planning					Community Health		NHS			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£519,000	£548,000 :	100%
F	Reablement	LA Reablement Service	Home-based intermediate care services	Reablement at home (to prevent admission to hospital or residential care)		838	920	Packages	Social Care		LA			Local Authority	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£1,087,000	£1,087,000 !	56%
[Domiciliary Care	Provision of domiciliary care services to help people live in their own homes	Home Care or Domiciliary Care	Domiciliary care packages		34022	34022	Hours of care	Social Care		LA			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£758,000	£758,000	7%
	Community Stroke Service	Integrated stroke pathway to support early discharge/rehabilitation	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Early Discharge Planning					Community Health		NHS			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£581,000	£614,000 :	100%
	Community Neuro Rehab	Integrated neuro pathway to support early discharge and rehabilitation	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Early Discharge Planning					Community Health		NHS			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£179,000	£189,000 :	11%
i E	Breathing Space	Community based service for people with Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Multi-Disciplinary/Multi- Agency Discharge Teams supporting discharge					Community Health		NHS			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£2,031,000	£2,146,000	100%
	Otago Exercise Programme	Falls prevention exercise programme	Personalised Care at Home	Physical health/wellbeing					Social Care		LA			Local Authority	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£20,000	£20,000 :	100%
(Vlediquip Wheelchairs & Equipment)	Integrated Community Equipment Service	Prevention / Early Intervention	Other	small items of equipment to enable people to				Social Care		NHS			Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£1,909,000	£2,017,000	95%
(Mediquip Wheelchairs & Equipment)	Integrated Community Equipment Service	Prevention / Early Intervention	Other	small items of equipment to enable people to				Social Care		NHS			Private Sector	iBCF	Existing	£92,000	£92,000 !	5%
) (Community OT	Occupational Therapy Assessments	Prevention / Early Intervention	Other	OT assessments carried out by community				Social Care		LA			NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£483,000	£510,000 !	53%

Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

						-						 -	· · · · · ·				
9			Prevention / Early Intervention	Other	OT assessments carried out by community				Social Care		LA	NHS Community Provider	Additional LA Contribution	Existing	£420,000	£443,000	17%
10	Grant	Major property adapatations to enable people to continue	DFG Related Schemes	Adaptations, including statutory DFG grants	community	201	201	Number of adaptations	Social Care		LA	Local Authority	DFG	Existing	£2,193,735	£2,193,735	72%
10	Disabled Facilities	to live independently within Community alarm and Equipment service to support	-	Community based equipment		2134	2200	funded/people Number of beneficiaries	Social Care		LA	Local Authority	DFG	Existing	£870,000	£870,000	28%
10	Additional	independent living Additional major Adaptations		Other	Balance brought	201	201	Number of	Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA	New	£1,496,000	£1,500,000	100%
11	Disabled Facilities Grant schemes Age UK Hospital	Hospital Discharge	Personalised Care at	Physical health/wellbeing	forward from slippage in			adaptations funded/people	Other	Charity /	NHS	Charity /	Contribution	Existing	£168,000	£178,000	100%
	Discharge	supporting flow	Home							Voluntary Sector		Voluntary Sector	NHS Contribution				
12			Personalised Care at Home	Physical health/wellbeing					Other	Charity / Voluntary Sector	NHS	Charity / Voluntary Sector		Existing	£57,000	£60,000	.00%
13		•	Bed based intermediate Care Services (Reablement,	Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to support discharge)		530	550	Number of Placements	Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	Existing	£1,779,038	£1,779,038	57%
13	Intermediate Care	Residential Rehabilitation for patients who cannot return	Bed based intermediate Care	Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to		374	375	Number of Placements	Social Care		LA	Local Authority	NHS	Existing	£1,039,000	£1,039,000	37%
13	Intermediate Care	Residential Rehabilitation for	Services (Reablement, Bed based intermediate Care	support discharge) Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to		288	288	Number of Placements	Social Care		NHS	Private Sector	Contribution Minimum NHS	Existing	£1,467,000	£1,550,000	100%
13	Intermediate Care -	Rehabilitation and	Services (Reablement, Home-based intermediate care	support discharge) Reablement at home (to support discharge)		374	375	Packages	Social Care		NHS	NHS Community Provider	Contribution Minimum NHS	Existing	£862,000	£910,000	100%
13		Rehabilitation and	services Bed based	Other	Social Care	374	375	Number of	Social Care		LA	NHS Community	Contribution	Existing	£528,000	£534,000	100%
13	Therapy Intermediate Care -		intermediate Care Services (Reablement, Bed based	Other	Social Care	374	375	Placements Number of	Social Care		LA	Provider NHS Mental	NHS Contribution Minimum	Existing	£97,000	£97,000	100%
	Therapy	reablement pathway home	intermediate Care Services (Reablement,			-		Placements				Health Provider	NHS Contribution				
13		intermediate care services	Bed based intermediate Care Services (Reablement,	Other	GP Cover	374	375	Number of Placements	Primary Care		LA	NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£36,000	£36,000	.00%
13		reablement pathway home	Home-based intermediate care services	Reablement at home (to support discharge)		374	375	Packages	Community Health		NHS	NHS Community Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£367,000	£387,000	100%
14		Personal budget to support an individual social care plan and support	Personalised Budgeting and Commissioning						Social Care		LA	Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£1,283,000	£1,283,000	1%
14		A range of services to support the independence of people with a learning disability	Residential Placements	Supported housing		8	8	Number of beds/Placements	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£410,000	£410,000	L4%
15	Care Act	Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (Dols) support	Care Act Implementation Related Duties	Independent Mental Health Advocacy					Social Care		LA	Private Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£40,000	£40,000	j%
15		Direct Payments and Domiciliary Care provision	Care Act Implementation Related Duties	Other	Direct Payments and Domiciliary Care provision				Social Care		LA	Private Sector		Existing	£661,000	£661,000	\$%
16		Rehabilitation and support in a bed base provision		Care home		3	3	Number of beds/Placements	Social Care		LA	Private Sector		Existing	£209,000	£209,000	5%
17	Learning Disabilities	Learning disabilities residential placements	Residential Placements	Learning disability		11	11	Number of beds/Placements	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	Minimum NHS	Existing	£984,000	£984,000	3%
17	Disabilities	Learning Disabilities Domiciliary Care packages	Home Care or Domiciliary Care	Domiciliary care packages		1661	1661	Hours of care	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	NHS	Existing	£37,000	£37,000	12%
18	Domiciliary Care Free Nursing Care	NHS Funded Nursing Care	Residential Placements	Nursing home		98	98	Number of beds/Placements	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	NHS	New	£520,000	£1,243,953	29%
19	Management		Community Based Schemes	Other	GP Support for Long Term				Primary Care		NHS	NHS Community Provider	NHS	Existing	£1,138,917	£1,140,000	100%
20	Care Home	and social care input Integrated community service to care homes	Community Based Schemes	Multidisciplinary teams that are supporting	Conditions				Community Health		NHS	NHS Community Provider	NHS	Existing	£312,000	£330,000	100%
21			Community Based Schemes	independence, such as Multidisciplinary teams that are supporting					Community Health		NHS	Charity / Voluntary Sector	Contribution Minimum NHS	Existing	£967,000	£967,000	26%
				independence, such as									Contribution				

												 		·			
22	-	Links patients in primary care with non medical support within the community and	Prevention / Early Intervention	Social Prescribing					Other	Health and Social Care	NHS	Charity / Voluntary Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£856,000	£856,000	100%
23	Social Work Support (A&E, Case	Includes Fast Reponse and Supported Discharge Pathways teams	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Flexible working patterns (including 7 day working)					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£919,000	£919,000 ;	22%
24		A single point of contact for health and social care professionals providing	Community Based Schemes	Integrated neighbourhood services					Community Health		NHS	NHS Acute Provider	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£896,000	£947,000 :	100%
25	Carers Support Services	Implement Carers Strategy to support unpaid carers across the borough	Carers Services	Carer advice and support related to Care Act duties		30,000	30,000	Beneficiaries	Social Care		LA	Charity / Voluntary Sector	Minimum NHS Contribution	New	£237,000	£237,000 !	51%
25	Carers Support Services	Carers Emergency Scheme	Carers Services	Carer advice and support related to Care Act duties		30	30	Beneficiaries	Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£23,000	£23,000	100%
25	Carers Support Services	Direct Payments and domiciliary care provision	Carers Services	Respite services		50	50	Beneficiaries	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	Minimum NHS	Existing	£301,000	£301,000 8	3%
26	Joint Commissioning Team	Joint Commissioner team staffing costs	Enablers for Integration	Joint commissioning infrastructure					Other	Commissioning	NHS	Local Authority	Contribution Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£50,000	£50,000 !	50%
27	IT to Support Community Transformation	Digital enablers to support integration of community services	Enablers for Integration	System IT Interoperability					Other	Information sharing	NHS	NHS	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£192,000	£192,000	100%
28	BCF Risk Pool		Other						Other	Contingency	NHS	NHS	Minimum NHS Contribution	Existing	£500,000	£500,000	100%
29	Adaptation of Liquid Logic to support care	Support IT infrastructure and promote integrated working		System IT Interoperability					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	iBCF	Existing	£60,000	£60,000 :	100%
30	-	Strategic Project Manager post to support hospital discharge pathway	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Early Discharge Planning					Acute		NHS	NHS Acute Provider	iBCF	Existing	£85,000	£85,000	100%
31	Health Inequalities	implementation population	Integrated Care Planning and Navigation	Support for implementation of anticipatory care					Other	Public Health	LA	Local Authority	iBCF	Existing	£90,000	£90,000	100%
32	Trusted Assessor		High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Trusted Assessment					Acute		NHS	NHS Acute Provider	iBCF	Existing	£70,000	£70,000	100%
33	Social Care Sustainability	Older People Residential placements	Residential Placements	Care home		79		Number of beds/Placements	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	iBCF	Existing	£2,779,000	£2,779,000	36%
33	Social Care Sustainability	Older People Domiciliary Care provision	Home Care or Domiciliary Care	Domiciliary care packages		68537	68537	Hours of care	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	iBCF	Existing	£1,527,000	£1,527,000	15%
33	Social Care Sustainability	Provision of direct payments to support people within their own homes	Personalised Budgeting and Commissioning						Social Care		LA	Private Sector	iBCF	Existing	£700,000	£700,000	11%
33	Social Care Sustainability	Residential placements for younger adults with a Learning Disability.	Residential Placements	Learning disability		25	25	Number of beds/Placements	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	iBCF	Existing	£2,238,000	£2,238,000	19%
34	Care Market Capacity and sustainability	Supporting the increase in provider costs, for example, due to the increase in NLW	Residential Placements	Other	Meeting increasing costs of placements	889	889	Number of beds/Placements	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	iBCF	Existing	£4,225,543	£4,225,543	100%
35	Care Market Capacity and sustainability	Supporting the increase in LD provider costs, including the increase in NLW plus	Residential Placements	Supported housing		13		Number of beds/Placements	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	iBCF	Existing	£753,000	£753,000 4	46%
36		Voluntary Sector advice and Support at front of access	Prevention / Early Intervention	Other	Advice and Guidance				Social Care		LA	Voluntary Sector	iBCF	Existing	£50,000	£50,000	100%
37		Advocacy support, advice and guidance for people with a learning disability	Intervention	Other	Advice and Guidance				Social Care		LA	Voluntary Sector	iBCF	Existing	£55,000	£55,000 :	
38	Perform Plus	performance of the social	Enablers for Integration	Workforce development					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	iBCF	Existing	£48,000	£48,000 :	
39	Additional staffing	reablement service	Workforce recruitment and retention						Social Care		LA	Local Authority	iBCF	Existing	£87,000	£87,000 4	
40	Reablement beds	the independent sector to support hospital discharge	Services (Reablement,	Bed-based intermediate care with reablement (to support discharge)		150		Number of Placements	Social Care		LA	Private Sector	iBCF	Existing	£107,000	£107,000	
41	Escalation wheel	Supports oversight on system prsessures to conentrate actions/escalation on	Enablers for Integration	Data Integration					Acute		NHS	NHS Acute Provider	iBCF	New	£12,000	£12,000 :	.00%

	Continues Constitution	Community David	Other	Casting							Level Authorit	incr		C157 000	6457.000	1000/
2 Community Services	Contingency for additional demand for Community Services	Community Based Schemes	Other	Contingency				Social Care		LA	Local Authority	iBCF	New	£157,000	£157,000	100%
3 Tactical Brok	erage To broker residential and home care packages of care from commissioned providers	Other						Social Care		LA	Local Authority	iBCF	Existing	£110,000	£110,000	100%
4 Winter Bed Capacity	Discharge Pathways and Patient Flow	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Early Discharge Planning					Other	Winter Planning	NHS	Private Sector	iBCF	Existing	£500,000	£500,000	100%
5 Integrated Discharge Te	Multi-disciplinary teams to am support hospital discharges	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Multi-Disciplinary/Multi- Agency Discharge Teams supporting discharge					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	iBCF	Existing	£225,000	£225,000	21%
6 Early Plannin Team	g Social Work team to support hospital discharges	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Early Discharge Planning					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	iBCF	Existing	£237,000	£237,000	14%
7 Additional W Capacity	inter Winter Planning contingency	Other						Social Care		LA	Local Authority	iBCF	Existing	£273,000	£273,000	100%
8 Digital Cham	pion Digital Champion lead - Assistive Technology	Assistive Technologies and Equipment	Digital participation services		5,000	5,000	Number of beneficiaries	Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£78,000	£0	100%
9 Additional Sc work Capacit		Workforce recruitment and retention						Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£250,000	£250,000	100%
0 PCN Social W Practitioners		Workforce recruitment and retention						Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£120,000	£120,000	100%
1 Prevention a Early Interve		Prevention / Early Intervention	Other	2 FTE posts				Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£100,000	£100,000	100%
2 Self-Assessm	ent Implementation of self- assessment and the LAS citizen portal	Integrated Care Planning and Navigation	Care navigation and planning					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£70,000	£0	100%
3 Suicide Preve	ention Suicide Prevention	Prevention / Early Intervention	Risk Stratification					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£5,000	£0	100%
4 Trusted Revie (Home Care)		High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Trusted Assessment					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£130,000	£0	100%
5 Deflection fro the front doc		Prevention / Early Intervention	Risk Stratification					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£100,000	£0	100%
6 Integrated Brokerage Su Service	Additional Brokerage upport resources	Workforce recruitment and retention						Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£100,000	£0	100%
7 Digital Health Record	ASC providers to access digital health record	Enablers for Integration	Data Integration					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£15,000	£0	100%
8 Winter Plann	ing Additional Winter Capacity	Other						Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£300,000	£0	100%
9 Crisis Suppor	t Remodelling of MH crisis service / offer	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	Housing and related services					Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£200,000	£0	100%
0 Carers Suppo Services	ort Careres Strategy	Carers Services	Other	Other	30000	30000	Beneficiaries	Social Care		LA	Local Authority	Additional LA Contribution	New	£230,000	£0	49%
1 Home Care/C Home sustainability	escalating cost pressures	Workforce recruitment and retention	Improve retention of existing workforce		1313	1378	WTE's gained	Continuing Care		NHS	Private Sector	ICB Discharge Funding	New	£1,011,600	£1,933,930	3%
2 SYHA Dischar Support								Mental Health		NHS	Private Sector	ICB Discharge Funding	Existing	£58,000	£60,900	100%
3 Community Equipment	Supply and delivery of additional Community based equipment to increase ability		Community based equipment		173	183	Number of beneficiaries	Community Health		NHS	Private Sector	ICB Discharge Funding	Existing	£150,000	£157,500	6%
4 Alternative to Admission		Bed based intermediate Care Services (Reablement,	Other	Crisis alternative	2	2	Number of Placements	Mental Health		NHS	NHS Mental Health Provider	ICB Discharge Funding	New	£150,000	£157,500	100%
5 Hospice - Clir Nurse Specia		Workforce recruitment and retention						Community Health		NHS	Charity / Voluntary Sector	ICB Discharge Funding	Existing	£65,000	£68,250	3%
6 Hospice - Increased	Improve the management of discharge from the hospice it thus increasing bed	Other	Other	Hospice beds - supported flow through IPU beds				Community Health		NHS	Charity / Voluntary Sector	ICB Discharge Funding	Existing	£60,000	£63,000	3%

				·	 	1	1					1				
67	CHC –		Other	Additional or redeployed				Continuing Care	NHS	F	Private Sector	ICB Discharge	Existing	£30,400	£31,920 :	L00%
	assessments	of assessments to improve		capacity from current care								Funding				
		flow		workers												
68	Integrated	Additional avoidance / front	High Impact Change	Multi-Disciplinary/Multi-				Social Care	LA	l	ocal Authority	Local	New	£120,000	£120,000	L00%
	Discharge Team	door capacity	Model for Managing	Agency Discharge Teams								Authority				
			Transfer of Care	supporting discharge								Discharge				
69	Reablement	Additional hours dedicated	Home-based	Reablement at home (to	84	92	Packages	Social Care	LA	l l	ocal Authority	Local	New	£200,000	£200,000	L00%
	expansion	to hospital discharge +	intermediate care	support discharge)								Authority				
		funding for a Deputy	services									Discharge				
70	Davies Court	Support discharge capacity	Bed based	Bed-based intermediate care	190	190	Number of	Social Care	LA	l	ocal Authority	Local	New	£500,000	£500,000	L00%
	Intermediate Care	and admission avoidance	intermediate Care	with rehabilitation (to			Placements					Authority				
			Services (Reablement,	support discharge)								Discharge				
71	Rothercare -	Additional post to support	Enablers for	Data Integration				Social Care	LA	l	ocal Authority	Local	New	£30,000	£30,000	L00%
	installer	discharge and avoidance	Integration									Authority				
												Discharge				
72	Housing Officer	Housing officer align to	High Impact Change	Housing and related services				Social Care	LA	l	ocal Authority	Local	New	£50,000	£50,000	L00%
		ACT/IDT	Model for Managing									Authority				
			Transfer of Care									Discharge				
73	CHC assessors	CHC co-ordinators in practice		Early Discharge Planning				Social Care	LA	l	ocal Authority	Local	New	£150,000	£150,000	L00%
		hub	Model for Managing									Authority				
			Transfer of Care									Discharge				
74	MH Discharge		High Impact Change	Early Discharge Planning				Social Care	LA	l	ocal Authority	Local	New	£100,000	£100,000	L00%
		due to DToC	Model for Managing									Authority				
			Transfer of Care									Discharge				
75	Intermediate Care	Athorpe Lodge 24 Community	Bed based	Bed-based intermediate care	288	288	Number of	Social Care	NHS	l l	Private Sector	Local	Existing	£93,000	£93,000	L00%
		Beds fee Uplift	intermediate Care	with rehabilitation (to			Placements					Authority				
			Services (Reablement,	support discharge)								Discharge				
76	Incentive payment	Incentive payment - Fees for	Bed based	Bed-based intermediate care	56	56	Number of	Social Care	LA	F	Private Sector	Local	New	£138,000	£138,000	L00%
	- Fees for Nursing	Nursing EMI Beds	intermediate Care	with rehabilitation (to			Placements					Authority				
	EMI Beds		Services (Reablement,	support discharge)								Discharge				
77	Trusted Assessor	Trusted Assessor for Care	High Impact Change	Trusted Assessment				Social Care	LA	1	NHS	Local	New	£100,000	£100,000	L00%
	for Care Homes	Homes over 7 days	Model for Managing									Authority				
			Transfer of Care									Discharge				
78	Administrative	Administrative Support	Other					Social Care	LA	I	ocal Authority	Local	New	£40,000	£40,000	L00%
	Support											Authority				
												Discharge				
79	Fast Response	Fast Response - additional	High Impact Change	Home First/Discharge to				Social Care	LA	F	Private Sector	Local	New	£130,000	£130,000	L00%
		capacity to accommodate	Model for Managing	Assess - process								Authority				
		discharge - up to 3 day period	Transfer of Care	support/core costs								Discharge				
80	Home Care	Home Care Temporary Block	Home Care or	Short term domiciliary care	49	49	Packages	Social Care	LA	ſ	Private Sector	Local	New	£379,150	£379,150	3%
		Capacity - if capacity shortfall	Domiciliary Care	(without reablement input)								Authority				
		home care										Discharge				
81	LA Discharge	Balance of LA Discharge	Other					Social Care	LA	I	ocal Authority	Local	New	£0	£1,352,850	10%
	funding 24/25	funding to be allocated for										Authority				
	_	24/25										Discharge				

Further guidance for completing Expenditure sheet

Schemes tagged with the following will count towards the planned Adult Social Care services spend from the NHS min: • Area of spend selected as 'Social Care' • Source of funding selected as 'Minimum NHS Contribution'

- Schemes tagged with the below will count towards the planned **Out of Hospital spend** from the NHS min: Area of spend selected with anything except 'Acute' Commissioner selected as 'ICB' (if 'Joint' is selected, only the NHS % will contribute) Source of funding selected as 'Minimum NHS Contribution'

2023-25 Revised Scheme types

Number	Scheme type/ services Assistive Technologies and Equipment	Sub type 1. Assistive technologies including telecare	Description Using technology in care processes to supportive self-management,
1	Assistive recimologies and Equipment	2. Digital participation services	maintenance of independence and more efficient and effective delivery of
		3. Community based equipment	care. (eg. Telecare, Wellness services, Community based equipment, Digital
		4. Other	participation services).
2	Care Act Implementation Related Duties	1. Independent Mental Health Advocacy	Funding planned towards the implementation of Care Act related duties.
-	care rice implementation neutred buttes	2. Safeguarding	The specific scheme sub types reflect specific duties that are funded via the
		3. Other	NHS minimum contribution to the BCF.
3	Carers Services	Respite Services Carer advice and support related to Care Act duties	Supporting people to sustain their role as carers and reduce the likelihood of crisis.
		3. Other	
			This might include respite care/carers breaks, information, assessment, emotional and physical support, training, access to services to support
			wellbeing and improve independence.
4	Community Based Schemes	1. Integrated neighbourhood services	Schemes that are based in the community and constitute a range of cross
		2. Multidisciplinary teams that are supporting independence, such as anticipatory care	sector practitioners delivering collaborative services in the community
		 Low level social support for simple hospital discharges (Discharge to Assess pathway 0) Other 	typically at a neighbourhood/PCN level (eg: Integrated Neighbourhood Teams)
			Reablement services should be recorded under the specific scheme type
			'Reablement in a person's own home'
5	DFG Related Schemes	1. Adaptations, including statutory DFG grants 2. Discretionary use of DFG	The DFG is a means-tested capital grant to help meet the costs of adapting a property; supporting people to stay independent in their own homes.
		3. Handyperson services	property, supporting people to stay independent in their own nomes.
		4. Other	The grant can also be used to fund discretionary, capital spend to support
			people to remain independent in their own homes under a Regulatory Reform Order, if a published policy on doing so is in place. Schemes using
			this flexibility can be recorded under 'discretionary use of DFG' or
			'handyperson services' as appropriate
6	Enablers for Integration	1. Data Integration 2. System IT Interoperability	Schemes that build and develop the enabling foundations of health, social care and housing integration, encompassing a wide range of potential areas
		2. System 11 Interoperability 3. Programme management	care and housing integration, encompassing a wide range of potential areas including technology, workforce, market development (Voluntary Sector
		4. Research and evaluation	Business Development: Funding the business development and
		5. Workforce development 6. New governance arrangements	preparedness of local voluntary sector into provider Alliances/ Collaboratives) and programme management related schemes.
		7. Voluntary Sector Business Development	
		8. Joint commissioning infrastructure	Joint commissioning infrastructure includes any personnel or teams that
		9. Integrated models of provision 10. Other	enable joint commissioning. Schemes could be focused on Data Integration, System IT Interoperability, Programme management, Research and
			evaluation, Supporting the Care Market, Workforce development,
			Community asset mapping, New governance arrangements, Voluntary
			Sector Development, Employment services, Joint commissioning infrastructure amongst others.
7	High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfer of Care	1. Early Discharge Planning	The eight changes or approaches identified as having a high impact on
	ing impact change model for managing transfer of care	2. Monitoring and responding to system demand and capacity	supporting timely and effective discharge through joint working across the
		3. Multi-Disciplinary/Multi-Agency Discharge Teams supporting discharge	social and health system. The Hospital to Home Transfer Protocol or the
		 Home First/Discharge to Assess - process support/core costs Flexible working patterns (including 7 day working) 	'Red Bag' scheme, while not in the HICM, is included in this section.
		6. Trusted Assessment	
		7. Engagement and Choice	
		8. Improved discharge to Care Homes 9. Housing and related services	
		10. Red Bag scheme	
		11. Other	
8	Home Care or Domiciliary Care	1. Domiciliary care packages	A range of services that aim to help people live in their own homes through
		 Domiciliary care to support hospital discharge (Discharge to Assess pathway 1) Short term domiciliary care (without reablement input) 	the provision of domiciliary care including personal care, domestic tasks, shopping, home maintenance and social activities. Home care can link with
		4. Domiciliary care workforce development	other services in the community, such as supported housing, community
		5. Other	health services and voluntary sector services.
9	Housing Related Schemes		This covers expenditure on housing and housing-related services other than adaptations; eg: supported housing units.
10	Integrated Care Planning and Navigation	1. Care navigation and planning	Care navigation services help people find their way to appropriate services
	and reargered	2. Assessment teams/joint assessment	and support and consequently support self-management. Also, the
		3. Support for implementation of anticipatory care	assistance offered to people in navigating through the complex health and
		4. Other	social care systems (across primary care, community and voluntary services and social care) to overcome barriers in accessing the most appropriate care
			and support. Multi-agency teams typically provide these services which can
			be online or face to face care navigators for frail elderly, or dementia
			navigators etc. This includes approaches such as Anticipatory Care, which aims to provide holistic, co-ordinated care for complex individuals.
			Integrated care planning constitutes a co-ordinated, person centred and proactive case management approach to conduct joint assessments of care
			needs and develop integrated care plans typically carried out by
			professionals as part of a multi-disciplinary, multi-agency teams.
			Note: For Multi-Disciplinary Discharge Teams related specifically to
			discharge, please select HICM as scheme type and the relevant sub-type.
			Where the planned unit of care delivery and funding is in the form of
			Integrated care packages and needs to be expressed in such a manner, please select the appropriate sub-type alongside.
11	Bed based intermediate Care Services (Reablement,	1. Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to support discharge)	Short-term intervention to preserve the independence of people who might
	rehabilitation in a bedded setting, wider short-term services	2. Bed-based intermediate care with reablement (to support discharge)	otherwise face unnecessarily prolonged hospital stays or avoidable
	supporting recovery)	3. Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation (to support admission avoidance)	admission to hospital or residential care. The care is person-centred and
		 Bed-based intermediate care with reablement (to support admissions avoidance) Bed-based intermediate care with rehabilitation accepting step up and step down users 	often delivered by a combination of professional groups.
		6. Bed-based intermediate care with reablement accepting step up and step down users	
		7. Other	
	1		

12	Home-based intermediate care services	1. Reablement at home (to support discharge) 2. Reablement at home (a (to prevent admission to hospital or residential care) 3. Reablement at home (accepting step up and step down users) 4. Rehabilitation at home (to support discharge) 5. Rehabilitation at home (to prevent admission to hospital or residential care) 6. Rehabilitation at home (accepting step up and step down users) 7. Joint reablement and rehabilitation service (to revent admission to hospital or residential care) 9. Joint reablement and rehabilitation service (accepting step up and step down users) 10. Other	Provides support in your own home to improve your confidence and ability to live as independently as possible Urgent community response teams provide urgent care to people in their homes which helps to avoid hospital admissions and enable people to live
14	Personalised Budgeting and Commissioning		Independently for longer. Through these teams, older people and adults with complex health needs who urgently need cance, can get fast access to a range of health and social care professionals within two hours. Various person centred approaches to commissioning and budgeting.
15	Personalised Care at Home	1. Mental health /wellbeing 2. Physical health/wellbeing 3. Other	Including direct payments. Schemes specifically designed to ensure that a person can continue to live at home, through the provision of health related support at home often complemented with support for home care needs or mental health needs. This could include promoting self-management/sevent patient, establishment of 'home ward' for intensive period or to deliver support over the longer term to maintain independence or offer end of life care for people. Intermediate care services provide shorter term support and care interventions as opposed to the ongoing support provided in this scheme type.
16	Prevention / Early Intervention	1. Social Prescribing 2. Rick Stratification 3. Choice Policy 4. Other	Services or schemes where the population or identified high-risk groups are empowered and activated to live well in the holicitic sense threshy helping prevent people from entering the care system in the first place. These are essentially upstream prevention initiatives to promote independence and well being.
17	Residential Placements	1. Supported housing 2. Learning disability 3. Extra care 4. Care home 5. Nursing home 6. Short Learn residential/nursing care for someone likely to require a longer-term care home replacement 7. Short Lerm residential care (without rehabilitation or reablement input) 8. Other	Residential placements provide accommodation for people with learning or physical disabilities, mental health difficulties or with sight or hearing loss, who need more intensive or specialised support than can be provided at home.
18	Workforce recruitment and retention	1. Improve retention of existing workforce 2. Local recruitment initiatives 3. Increase hours workfed by existing workforce 4. Additional or redeployed capacity from current care workers 5. Other	These scheme types were introduced in planning for the 22-23 AS Discharge Fund. Use these scheme decriptors where funding is used to for incentives or activity to recruit and retain staff or to incentivise staff to increase the number of hours they work.
19	Other		Where the scheme is not adequately represented by the above scheme types, please outline the objectives and services planned for the scheme in a short description in the comments column.

Units
Number of beneficiaries
Hours of care (Unless short-term in which case it is packages)
Number of placements
Packages
Number of beds/placements
Number of adaptations funded/people supported
WTE's gained
Beneficiaries

Better Care Fund 2023-25 Template

6. Metrics for 2023-24

Selected Health and Wellbeing Board:

Rotherham

8.1 Avoidable admissions

	*Q4 Actual not available at time of publication								
		2022-23 Q1	2022-23 Q2	2022-23 Q3	2022-23 Q4				
		Actual	Actual	Actual	Plan	Rationale for how ambition was set	Local plan to meet ambition		
	Indicator value	259.1	232.6	275.6	236.0	Q3 and Q4 (based on current available	Areas of work linked to this plan to		
	Number of					data) have been more challenging than	stabilise and support an improved Q3		
Indirectly standardised rate (ISR) of admissions per	Admissions	772	693	821	-		include, anticipatory care development,		
100,000 population	Population	264,671	264,671	264,671	264.671	is thought to be linked to high winter	growing the use of the virtual ward and		
(See Guidance)	· ·	2023-24 Q1	2023-24 Q2	2023-24 Q3	2023-24 Q4		increasing the volume of urgent community response activity.		
		Plan	Plan	Plan	Plan		Consideration of alternative ambulance		
	Indicator value	255.8	255.8	250.9	242		pathways such as the PUSH model may		

>> link to NHS Digital webpage (for more detailed guidance)

8.2 Falls

		2021-22 Actual	2022-23 estimated	2023-24 Plan	Rationale for ambition	Local plan to meet ambition
	Indicator value	1,814.2	1,796.5		the last couple of years (based on local	Indicator has seen small decreases over the last couple of years (based on local data). Trend currently expected to
Emergency hospital admissions due to falls in people aged 65 and over directly age standardised rate per 100,000.	Count	920	913		work required on standardisation.	continue. Trajectory is provisional, further work required on standardisation.
	Population	52,551	52551	52551		

Public Health Outcomes Framework - Data - OHID (phe.org.uk)

8.3 Discharge to usual place of residence

		*Q4 Actual not available at time of publication						
		2022-23 Q1	2022-23 Q2	2022-23 Q3	2021-22 Q4			
		Actual	Actual	Actual	Plan	Rationale for how ambition was set	Local plan to meet ambition	
	Quarter (%)	92.5%	93.3%	93.2%		Currently above national % discharged to	Moving to a discharge to assess model	
	Numerator	5,885	5,937	6,321	6,149	usual place of residence. Performance over	expected to impact this indicator and	
Percentage of people, resident in the HWB, who are discharged from acute hospital to their normal	Denominator	6,365	6,366	6,780	6.542	unner lovel of achievement. Civen this is	development of a more integrated approach across health, social care and	
place of residence		2023-24 Q1	2023-24 Q2	2023-24 Q3	2023-24 Q4		voluntary sector partners to support right	
		Plan	Plan	Plan	Plan		care right time right place.	

(SUS data - available on the Better Care Exchange)	Quarter (%)	93.5%	94.0%	93.5%	94.0% achieve higher level of 94% in Q2 and Q4.
(Sos data available on the better cure exchange)	Numerator	6,124	6,212	6,216	6,003 Slight dip profiled in for Q3 to account for
	Denominator	6,550	6,609	6,648	6,386 winter challenges. Trajectory is provisional.

8.4 Residential Admissions

		2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24		
		Actual	Plan	estimated	Plan	Rationale for how ambition was set	Local plan to meet ambition
						2022-23 outturn was 341 new admissions	The Council acknowledges that further
	Annual Rate	618.5	660.3	625.4	571.7	and above 320 regional benchmark. BCF	work is required to achieve a stepped
Long-term support needs of older people (age 65						317 target aligns the rate of 571.7 to that	reduction in placements and BCF,
and over) met by admission to residential and	Numerator	324	360	341	317	set using ASCOF population MYE of 52388	Commissioning and Service joint working
nursing care homes, per 100,000 population							and quality plans will be monitored in year
	Denominator	52,388	54,525	54,525	55,448	agreed within Council Plan for 2023/24.	to support delivery of improvement.

Long-term support needs of older people (age 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population (aged 65+) population projections are based on a calendar year using the 2018 based Sub-National Population Projections for Local Authorities in England:

https://www.ons.gov.uk/releases/subnationalpopulationprojectionsforengland2018based

8.5 Reablement

		2021-22	2022-23	2022-23	2023-24		
		Actual	Plan	estimated	Plan	Rationale for how ambition was set	Local plan to meet ambition
						Target of 75.4% will recover performance	We recognise and will monitor the impact
Proportion of older people (65 and over) who were	Annual (%)	75.1%	78.1%	72.5%	75.4%	to above 2021/22 level as an interim step	of both increased numbers offered and
						towards improving towards regional	benefiting from service in cohort count,
still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement / rehabilitation services	Numerator	154	164	153	159	2021/22 average of 80.4%.	but also the challenge in maintaining
into readement / renabilitation services							effectiveness rate due to increased
	Denominator	205	210	211	211		complexity of people accessing service.

Please note that due to the demerging of Cumbria information from previous years will not reflect the present geographies.

As such, the following adjustments have been made for the pre-populated figures above:

- Actuals and plans for Cumberland and Westmorland and Furness are using the Cumbria combined figure for all metrics since a split was not available; Please use comments box to advise.

- 2022-23 and 2023-24 population projections (i.e. the denominator for Residential Admissions) have been calculated from a ratio based on the 2021-22 estimates.

		Planning Requirement	Key considerations for meeting the planning requirement These are the Key Lines of Enquiry (KLOEs) underpinning the Planning Requirements (PR)	Confirmed through
	Code			
	PR1	A jointly developed and agreed plan that all parties sign up to	Has a plan; jointly developed and agreed between all partners from ICB(s) in accordance with ICB governance rules, and the LA; been submitted? <i>Paragraph 11</i>	Expenditure plan
			Has the HWB approved the plan/delegated approval? Paragraph 11	Expenditure plan
			Have local partners, including providers, VCS representatives and local authority service leads (including housing and DFG leads) been involved in the development of the plan? <i>Paragraph</i> 11	Narrative plan
			Where the narrative section of the plan has been agreed across more than one HWB, have individual income, expenditure and metric sections of the plan been submitted for each HWB concerned?	Validation of submitted plans
			Have all elements of the Planning template been completed? Paragraph 12	Expenditure plan, narrative plan
NC1: Jointly agreed plan	PR2	A clear narrative for the integration of health, social care and housing	Is there a narrative plan for the HWB that describes the approach to delivering integrated health and social care that describes: • How the area will continue to implement a joined-up approach to integration of health, social care and housing services including DFG to support further improvement of outcomes for people with care and support needs <i>Paragraph 13</i> • The approach to joint commissioning <i>Paragraph 13</i> • How the plan will contribute to reducing health inequalities and disparities for the local population, taking account of people with protected characteristics? This should include - How equality impacts of the local BCF plan have been considered <i>Paragraph 14</i> - Changes to local priorities related to health inequality and equality and how activities in the document will address these. <i>Paragraph 14</i> The area will need to also take into account Priorities and Operational Guidelines regarding health inequalities, as well as local authorities' priorities under the Equality Act and NHS actions in line with Core20PLUS5. <i>Paragraph 15</i>	Narrative plan
	PR3	A strategic, joined up plan for Disabled Facilities Grant (DFG) spending	Is there confirmation that use of DFG has been agreed with housing authorities? <i>Paragraph 33</i> • Does the narrative set out a strategic approach to using housing support, including DFG funding that supports independence at home? <i>Paragraph 33</i> • In two tier areas, has: - Agreement been reached on the amount of DFG funding to be passed to district councils to cover statutory DFG? or - The funding been passed in its entirety to district councils? <i>Paragraph 34</i>	Expenditure plan Narrative plan Expenditure plan

	PR4	A demonstration of how the services	Does the plan include an approach to support improvement against BCF objective 1? Paragraph 16	Narrative plan
NC2: Implementing BCF		the area commissions will support people to remain independent for	Does the expenditure plan detail how expenditure from BCF sources supports prevention and improvement against this objective?	Expenditure plan
Policy Objective 1:		longer, and where possible support them to remain in their own home	Paragraph 19	Narrative plan
Enabling people to stay			Does the narrative plan provide an overview of how overall spend supports improvement against this objective? Paragraph 19	
well, safe and independent at home for			Has the intermediate care capacity and demand planning section of the plan been used to ensure improved performance against this	Expenditure plan, narrative plan
longer			objective and has the narrative plan incorporated learnings from this exercise? Paragraph 66	
	PR5	An agreement between ICBs and	Have all partners agreed on how all of the additional discharge funding will be allocated to achieve the greatest impact in terms of	Expenditure plan
			reducing delayed discharges? Paragraph 41	
		additional funding to support discharge will be allocated for ASC and	Does the plan indicate how the area has used the discharge funding, particularly in the relation to National Condition 3 (see below), and in	Narrative and Expenditure plans
		community-based reablement capacity	conjunction with wider funding to build additional social care and community-based reablement capacity, maximise the number of	
		to reduce delayed discharges and improve outcomes.	hospital beds freed up and deliver sustainable improvement for patients? Paragraph 41	
Additional discharge		P	Does the plan take account of the area's capacity and demand work to identify likely variation in levels of demand over the course of the	
funding			year and build the workforce capacity needed for additional services? Paragraph 44	Narrative plan
			Has the area been identified as an area of concern in relation to discharge performance, relating to the 'Delivery plan for recovering urgent	
			and emergency services'? If so, have their plans adhered to the additional conditions placed on them relating to performance improvement? Paragraph 51	Narrative and Expenditure plans
			Is the plan for spending the additonal discharge grant in line with grant conditions?	
		A demonstration of here the second sec		Namating also
	PR6	A demonstration of how the services the area commissions will support	Does the plan include an approach to how services the area commissions will support people to receive the right care in the right place at the right time? <i>Paragraph 21</i>	Narrative plan
		provision of the right care in the right		For an difference land
		place at the right time	Does the expenditure plan detail how expenditure from BCF sources supports improvement against this objective? Paragraph 22	Expenditure plan
			Does the narrative plan provide an overview of how overall spend supports improvement against this metric and how estimates of	Narrative plan
NC3: Implementing BCF			capacity and demand have been taken on board (including gaps) and reflected in the wider BCF plans? Paragraph 24	Expenditure plan, narrative plan
Policy Objective 2: Providing the right care				
in the right place at the			Has the intermediate care capacity and demand planning section of the plan been used to ensure improved performance against this objective and has the narrative plan incorporated learnings from this exercise? <i>Paragraph 66</i>	
right time				Expenditure plan
			Has the area reviewed their assessment of progress against the High Impact Change Model for Managing Transfers of care and summarised progress against areas for improvement identified in 2022-23? <i>Paragraph 23</i>	
				Narrative plan
	PR7	A demonstration of how the area will maintain the level of spending on	Does the total spend from the NHS minimum contribution on social care match or exceed the minimum required contribution? Paragraphs 52-55	Auto-validated on the expenditure plan
NC4: Maintaining NHS's		social care services from the NHS	n ungruphs 52-55	
		minimum contribution to the fund in		
contribution to adult				
social care and		line with the uplift to the overall contribution		
		line with the uplift to the overall contribution		

	PR8	Is there a confirmation that the	Do expenditure plans for each element of the BCF pool match the funding inputs? Paragraph 12	Auto-validated in the expenditure plan
		components of the Better Care Fund		Expenditure plan
		pool that are earmarked for a purpose	Has the area included estimated amounts of activity that will be delivered, funded through BCF funded schemes, and outlined the metrics	
		are being planned to be used for that	that these schemes support? Paragraph 12	
		purpose?		Expenditure plan
			Has the area indicated the percentage of overall spend, where appropriate, that constitutes BCF spend? Paragraph 73	
				Expenditure plan
Agreed expenditure plan			Is there confirmation that the use of grant funding is in line with the relevant grant conditions? Paragraphs 25 – 51	
for all elements of the				Expenditure plan
BCF			Has an agreed amount from the ICB allocation(s) of discharge funding been agreed and entered into the income sheet? Paragraph 41	
			Has the area included a description of how they will work with services and use BCF funding to support unpaid carers? Paragraph 13	Narrative plans, expenditure plan
			Has funding for the following from the NHS contribution been identified for the area:	
			- Implementation of Care Act duties?	Expenditure plan
			- Funding dedicated to carer-specific support?	
			- Reablement? Paragraph 12	
	PR9	Does the plan set stretching metrics	Have stretching ambitions been agreed locally for all BCF metrics based on:	Expenditure plan
		and are there clear and ambitious		
		plans for delivering these?	- current performance (from locally derived and published data)	
			- local priorities, expected demand and capacity	
			- planned (particularly BCF funded) services and changes to locally delivered services based on performance to date? Paragraph 59	
Metrics				
			Is there a clear narrative for each metric setting out:	
			- supporting rationales for the ambition set,	Expenditure plan
			- plans for achieving these ambitions, and	
			- how BCF funded services will support this? Paragraph 57	